LIYAN PROGRAMMABLE LOGIC CONTROLLER

LYPLC Ex1n1PG

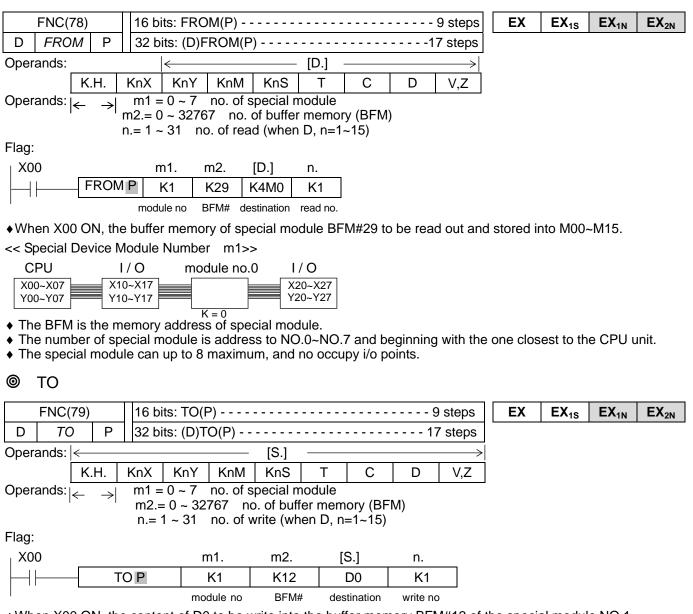
USER'S MANUAL

Foreword

- Ex1n1PG Pulse Generation Unit (called 1PG) output pulse to driver of corresponding servo motor or stepping motor to execute control of independent one axis.
- Ex1n1PG is for Special extension module of LYPLC EX1n series to use FROM/TO command to do data transmission, not occupy any PLC points. Maximum is connection of 8 units of Ex1n1PG to execute multi-axes independent running.
- Programs of Ex1n1PG are made by PLC main unit, therefore there is no need to use programming panel.

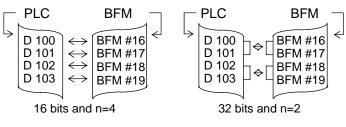
FROM/TO Instruction

FROM

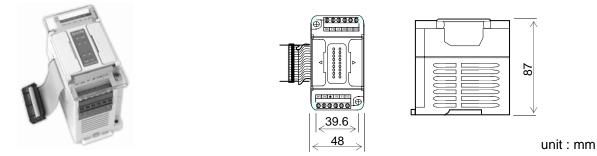


♦ When X00 ON, the content of D0 to be write into the buffer memory BFM#12 of the special module NO.1
 ♦ If used pulse command can decrement cycle time.

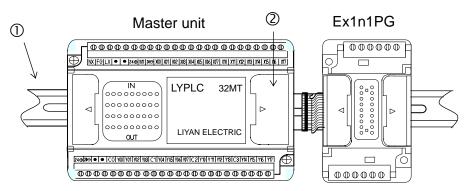
<< Number of Read n >>



1-1 Product appearance and Dimensions



1-2 Installation



♦LIYAN PLCs all can be assembled to ① (35mm).

♦ Open ② connector cover and connect Ex1n1PG to master unit through cable.

1-3 Performance specifications

Item	Specifications			
Drive power	 (1)+24V(for input signal) : DC24V±10% consumption current: less than 40mA, supplied from external power or +24 of PLC. (2)+5V(for internal control) : DC5V 55mA is supplied from PLC by extension cable. 			
Occupied points	None			
Control axis	1 axis (for PLC, the maximum is 8 axes running independently).			
Command speed	◆10PPS ~ 100KPPS °			
Command speed	♦ unit : pulse / sec ∘			
	♦-2,147,483,648 ~ 2,147,483,647 (32bit) pulse ∘			
Setting pulse	♦ absolute position assign / relative movement amount position assign ∘			
♦unit : um ∘				
Pulse output method	pulse(PLS) / direction(DIR), open collector output, less than DC5V 20mA			
Input signal and	• photo-coupler isolation, attach LED action to indicate.			
Output signal	♦input: 4 points (X0/X1/DOG) DC24V / 7mA (PG0*1) DC24V 20mA			
	♦ output: 3 points (FP/RP/CLR) each less than DC5~24V / 20mA.			
Transmission with	♦1PG with buffer memories (BFM) #0~#63 of 16bit RAM (without battery back-up).			
PLC	♦ use FROM/TO command of PLC to do data transmission, data of 32bit combined to 2 points BFM.			

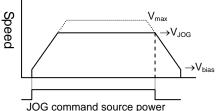
*1 zero-point signal PG0 signal, current from terminal PG0+ to PG0-.

• The general environment specifications as same as Ex1nPLC main unit.

Operation mode summary

2-1. JOG running :

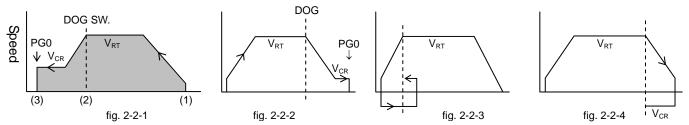
When BFM#25 b4 or b5 from $0\rightarrow$ 1, execute as follows,



V_{JOG} Manual operation speed (BFM#8, BFM#7) must be between Vbias and Vmax, then effective.

2-2. Machinery zero-return operation :

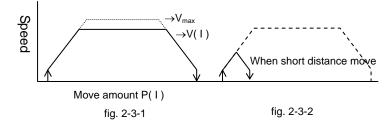
When BFM#25 b6 from $0\rightarrow$ 1, execute as follows,



- (1) : When BFM#25 b6 is set, 1PG operation as V_{RT} (BFM#10, BFM#9) DOG return speed, start to search DOG point.
- (2): When DOG signal from OFF→ON or ON→OFF, then start to decelerate to V_{CR} (BFM#11) zero-return speed to search PG0 signal.
- (3) : Stop operation after through BFM#12 (Zero Signal Count) setting value and use this point to be machinery zero-point. When zero-return is finished, zero-point address (BFM#14, BFM#13) is write automatically to current address (BFM#27,BFM#26), and BFM#28 b2 zero-return finished flag is set.
- ♦ If connect to stepping motor, due to without PG0 signal, so have to set BFM#12 (Zero Signal Count) to "0", then 1PG use DOG point to machinery zero-point.
- fig. 2-2-1 : set BFM#03 b11=0, b10=0, forward mode, reverse.
- fig. 2-2-2 : set BFM#03 b11=0, b10=1, forward mode, forward direction.
- fig. 2-2-3 : set BFM#03 b11=1, b10=0, reverse mode, reverse.
- fig. 2-2-4 : set BFM#03 b11=1, b10=1, reverse mode, forward direction.

2-3. Single speed position operation :

When BFM#25 b8 from $0\rightarrow 1$, execute as follows,



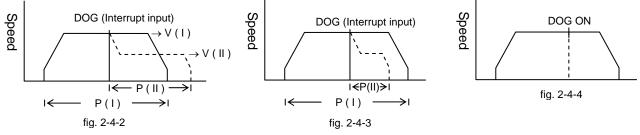
- ♦ When START instruction start, use V(I) speed (BFM#20, BFM#19) to operate, stop at P(I) target address (BFM#18, BFM#17).
- ♦ If the time of moving to P(I) is shorter than the demand time of reaching V(I) speed, then decelerate and stop automatically before 1PG reach to V(I) speed.
- Target address can be assigned to absolute address start from zero-point or relative address start from current position.
- When assign to relative address mode, if content of P(I) is a positive number, then forward direction. If content
 of P(I) is a negative number, then reverse.
- ♦ When assign to absolute address mode, operation direction is decided by comparison of P(I) and current address (CP).

2-4. Interrupt Command Position Operation :

 ♦ When Operation instruction BFM#25 b9 from 0→1, execute as follows, have connect Interrupt instruction to DOG input

point of 1PG · (Close-loop mode is ineffective)

- When P(I) = "0", use V(I) speed without target address operation. After receive interrupt signal DOG point signal, speed change to V(II). Stop after move P(II) setting distance.(just can assign relative move amount)
- ♦ Operation direction is decided by positive or negative sign of V(I) (BFM#20, #19). Positive value is forward direction, negative sign is reverse.



♦ When P(I) ≠ 0, operate by V(I) speed. If DOG signal not input, then move P(I) distance and stop. As fig.2-4-2 or 2-4-3. If the middle DOG signal ON, then change speed V(II) and move P(II) distance, then stop. If P(II)=0, then stop immediately. As fig.2-4-4.

Speec

 \blacklozenge Setting range of P(II) is 0 ~ 65,535 $_{\circ}$

2-5. Two Speed Position Operation :

- ♦ When BFM#25 b10 from 0→1, execute as follows,
- ♦ When START instruction start, use V(I) speed (BFM#20,

BFM#19) to operate, move to P(I) target address

(BFM#18, BFM#17), then stop after use V(II) (BFM#24,

BFM#23) speed to move to (BFM#22, BFM#21) target address

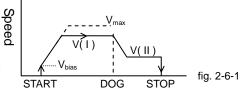
- ♦ P(I) can be assigned to relative address or absolute address, but P(II) only can be assigned to relative address.
 P(II) can not be assigned to negative value.
- ◆ If P(II) distance is too short in this mode, i.e., P(II) is smaller than P(S), then there will be vibration of stop rapidly of motor.
- ◆ If assign to absolute address method, operation direction is decided by comparison of P(1) and current address(CP).
- If assign to relative address method, operation direction is decided by P(1) positive/negative value.(positive: forward, negative: reverse)

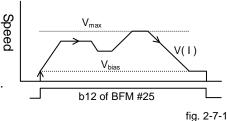
2-6. External signal position operation :

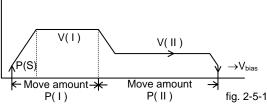
- When Operation instruction BFM#25 b11 from $0\rightarrow 1$,
- Use V(I) assigned speed without target address to output pulse.
 ♦ When DOG signal input, speed change to V(II), and continue to without target address operate
- ♦ When STOP signal input, stop pulse output immediately. (BFM#03 bit6 need to set to "1")
- ◆ Operation direction is decided by V(I) (BFM#20, #19) positive/negative sign.
- This operation mode, Close-loop mode is ineffective.

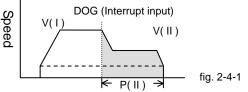
2-7. Variable speed operation :

- ♦ When operation instruction BFM#25 b12 from 0→1, use V(I)(BFM#20, BFM#19) assigned speed to output pulse. (without target address operation) ∘
- When pulse output, use PLC to change V(I) value, then can change operation speed.
- ♦When V(I) value is "0", won't stop operating, continue to operate by Vbias speed
- ♦ When operation instruction BFM#25 b12 is set to 0, then stop operating.
- Operation direction is decided by V(I)(BFM#20,#19) positive/negative sign. Positive value is forward, negative is reverse.









Chapter 3 Buffer Memories (BFM) Configuration

No. of	-		•	Initial setting	R: for read	4
Upper	Lower	No. of BFM	Setting range	value	Note W: for writ	
16bit	16bit			(When ON)	W. Ioi with	C
	# 0	Pulse rate A	1 ~ 32,767 / R	2,000	Pulse / 1 revolution	W
#2	# 1	Feed rate B	1 ~ 65,535	1,000	Movement / 1 revolution	W
	#3	Parameter			System parameter	W
# 5	# 4	Maximum speed Vmax	10PPS ~ 100kPPS	100,000PPS	All speeds can't be more than Vmax	W
	#6	Bias speed Vbia	0 ~ 10kPPS	100PPS	Bias speed setting	Ŵ
# 8	# 0 # 7	JOG speed Void	10PPS ~ 100Kpps	10,000PPS	$V_{\rm JOG} = V {\rm min} \sim V {\rm max}$	Ŵ
				50,000PPS		Ŵ
#10	#9	Home speed V _{RT}	10PPS ~ 100Kpps	,	V _{RT} = Vmin~ Vmax	
	#11	Creep speed V _{CR}	10PPS ~ 10kPPS	1,000PPS	V _{CR} << V _{RT}	W
	#12	No. of zero-point signal N	32767 count	0	0 : zero-return action, not search Z-phase	W
#14	#13	origin address HP	0 ~ ± 999,999	0		W
	#15	acc/dec time Ta	50 ~ 5,000ms	100ms	Vmin ~ Vmax time	W
	#16	deceleration time Td	50 ~ 5,000ms	100ms	Vmax ~ Vmin time	W
#18	#17	target address(I) P(I)	0 ~ ± 999,999	0	V(I) = Vbia ~ Vmax	W
#20	#19	operate speed (I) V(I)	10PPS ~ 10kPPS	10		W
#22	#21	target address (II) P(II)	0 ~ ± 999,999	0		Ŵ
#24	#23		10PPS ~ 10kPPS	10	V(II) = Vbia ~ Vmax	Ŵ
	#25	Operate instruction	b0 ~ b15	H0000	START command	<u> </u>
#27	#26	Current position CP	Write into -2,147,483	,648 ~ +2,147,48		R
	#28	System status			Refer to BFM#28 instruction	R
	#29	Error Code	Error code buffer registe	er, no error is "00"	Refer to BFM#29 instruction	R
	#30	Model Code, Version	51xx			R
	#31	Reserved				Х
#32 ~		System Reserved				Х
#65	#64	Relative move amount	Write into -2,147,483	6/8 +2 1/7 /8	3 647 automatically	R
#67	#66	Remaining pulse amount	Write into -2,147,483	,648 ~ +2,147,48	3,647 automatically	R
#69	#68	Reserved				Х
#71	#70	Accelerate to Max. speed pulse	Write into -2,147,483	<u>,648 ~ +2,147,48</u>	3,647 automatically	R
#73	#72	Reserved				Х
#75	#74	Reserved				Х
#77	#76	Positive limit address	0 ~ 2,147,483,647	0	0 : software positive limit address ineffective (positive value)	W
#79	#78	Negative limit address	-2,147,483,648 ~ 0	0	0 : software negative limit address ineffective (negative value)	W
#81	#80	Current speed	Write into 10PPS ~ 1	00kPPS automat	ically	R
	#82	Number of Vbias Pulse	0 ~ 65535	0		W
#84	#83	Reserved				Х
#86						X
	#85	Reserved				
#88	#87	Reserved				X
	#89	Reserved				Х
#91	#90	Reserved				Х
	#92	Electronic gear (Cmx)	1 ~ 65535	1	Encoder Pulse Rate	W
	#93	Electronic gear (Cdv)	1 ~ 65535	1	Motor Pulse Rate	W
#95	#94	AB phase counter	For monitor		AB phase high-speed counter(4 倍波)	R
#97	#96	Reserved				X
#97 #99	#90 #98	Reserved				X
#101	#100	Reserved				X
#103	#102	Reserved				Х
#105	#104	Master axis operation speed (pps)	System measure number	er of pulse of maste	er axis Encoder (fourfold pulse)	R
#107	#106	Reserved				Х
#109	#108	Reserved				X
#111	#110	Reserved				×
#113	#112	Reserved				>
#115	#112					
#110		Reserved				
	#116	Reserved				X
#117 ~		System reserved	I	1		
#123	#122	Reserved				Х
#123 ~						

• For read: Sometimes there will be error occur if force to write. For write: can read and write.

Parameter setting

BFM #0 PULSE RATE (ignore)			Value at shipment : 2,000
Pulse number / 1 revolution (PLS / REV) \circ			Set range : A = 1 ~ 32,767
BFM #2 ∖ #1 FEED RATE (ignore) ♦ moved distance / 1 revolution (μm / REV) ∘			Value at shipment : $1,000$ Set range : B = 1 ~ $32,767$
			C ·
BFM #3 PARAMETER			
b0 Set [0] : Motor system, unit : pulse			Value at shipment : 0
b1 Acceleration/Deceleration separate flag Set [0] : Acc/Deceleration slope is the same. Set [1] : Acc/Deceleration slope is separate.			Value at shipment : 0
b6			Value at shipment : 0
Set [0]: with slope control flag (when STOP signal Set [1]: without slope control flag (when STOP signal		on't do decelerati	on stop flag.
b7	. ,.		Value at shipment : 0
Set [0] : Open-loop mode			
Set [1] : Close-loop mode(Ex2n1PG effective) -			
b8 PULSE TYPE FORMAT Set [1] : B.TYPE pulse form FP: Pulse , RP: Syr			Value at shipment : 1
Set [0] : A. TYPE pulse form FP: CW , RP: CCV Set [1] (B TYPE)	<u>/</u>	Set [0] (A T	(PE)
FP : Pulse RP : Symbol			P: ĆCW
FP PLS Y Y Y Y	CW	TTT	
RP SIGN forward reverse	CCW	Ψ,	
b9 DIRECTION Set [0] : Forward direction Pulse, the value of Cur Reverse Pulse, the value of Current value Set [1] : Forward direction Pulse, the value of Cur Reverse Pulse, the value of Current value	e register (C rent value re	P) in 1PG is dec egister (CP) in 1F	reased. ºG is decreased.
b10 ZERO RETURN DIRECTION Set [0] : Reverse Pulse. Set [1] : Forward direction Pulse.			Value at shipment : 0
b11 ZERO RETURN MODE Set [0]: select zero-return of forward mode, like fi Set [1]: select zero-return of reverse mode, like fi	-		Value at shipment : 0
b12 DOG input polarity			Value at shipment : 0
Set [0]: select DOG signal ON. (rising edge signa Set [1]: select DOG signal OFF. (falling edge sign	-1) -		
b13 DISABLE EXTERNAL STOP SIGNAL	nal)		Value at shipment : 0
	nal) tive.		Value at shipment : 0

b14 STOP input polarity Set [0] : when input is ON, operation stop (Rising edge) Set [1] : when input is OFF, operation stop (Falling edge)	Value at shipment : 0
<u>b15</u> STOP MODE Set [0] : when STOP ON, deceleration stop. Ignore the remaining distance Set [1] : when STOP ON, deceleration stop, then start again, continue to m	
BFM #5 • #4 MAXIMUM SPEED (Vmax)	Value at shipment : 100,000pps
◆The maximum value of operation speed.	Set range:10 ~ 200,000
BFM #6 Bias Speed (Vbias)	Value at shipment : 100pps
◆The basic speed of motor bias.	Set range : 10 ~ 10,000
BFM #8 ⋅ #7 JOG SPEED (V _{JOG})	Value at shipment : 10,000pps
◆Speed setting value of external JOG forward/reverse, Vbias <v<sub>JOG<vmax< td=""><td>Set range : 10 ~ 200,000</td></vmax<></v<sub>	Set range : 10 ~ 200,000
BFM #10 · #9 HOME SPEED (V _{RT})	Value at shipment : 10,000pps
•Reach to DOG switch speed value. Vbias < V_{RT} < Vmax	Set range : 10 ~ 200,000
BFM #11 CREEP SPEED (V _{CRP})	Value at shipment : 1,000pps
 The speed value from work axis touch DOG point to Z-phase stop when 	Set range : 10 ~ 10,000
execute machinery zero-return action.	J .
BFM #12 ZERO SIGNAL COUNT	Value at shipment : 1
◆Zero signal count is counted when execute zero-return, use CREEP	Set range : 0 ~ 255
SPEED to operate.	
♦ If set to 0, then not search zero signal count. Use DOG to be machinery ze	ero-point.
BFM #14 • #13 ZERO POINT ADDRESS	Value at shipment : 0
 Execute zero-return is finished, write the defined value of this point into cur BFM #15 ACCELERATION / DECELERATION TIME 	Value at shipment : 100ms
◆The time which accelerate to maximum speed, unit: ms ∘	Set range : 100 ~ 50,000
Actual acceleration time	Set range : 100 ~ 30,000
Maximum Speed (BFM#5, BFM#4)	
Operation Speed (BFM#20, BFM#19)	
Bias Speed	N
(BFM#6)	Vbias
\uparrow	
Acc time Ta Dec time T	
(BFM#15) (BFM#15)	I

BFM #16 Deceleration Time (Td)

• The time from Maximum speed to decelerate to Bias Speed stop, unit : ms.

BFM #18 \ 17 Position (1) P(1)

When use absolute position, data is target position.
 When use relative position, data is move distance.
 Refer to fig.3-2.

BFM #20 \ 19 Operation Speed (1) V(1) Actual operation speed between Bias Speed and Maximum Speed. Refer to fig.3-2. BFM #22 \ 21 Position (II) P(II) This BFM is used to Two speed position operation. Refer to fig.3-2. BFM #24 \ 23 Operation Speed (II) V(II)This BFM is used to Two speed position operation. Refer to fig.3-2. V(I) V(II)Vbias fig. 3-2 P(I) P(II) BFM #25 Operation instruction ♦ After write data of BFM #0 ~ BFM #24, then execute the setting of BFM #25. b0 ERROR RESET When b0=1, ERROR flag is RESET. b1 STOP When $0 \rightarrow 1$, 1PG stop operating, with same function of 1PG external STOP input. b2 Reserved b3 Reserved b4 JOG+ operation When b4=1, output forward pulse, current position (CP) accelerate. b5 JOG- operation When b5=1, output reverse pulse, current position (CP) deceleration b6 Zero Return operation When b6 from $0 \rightarrow 1$, zero-return operation start. b7 Relative (b7=1) / Absolute (b7=0) Position select flag b7=1 relative position operation, b7=0 absolute position operation. b8 Single speed position operation When b8 from $0 \rightarrow 1$, single speed position operation is started. (refer to fig.2-3-1) b9 Interrupt command position operation When b9 from $0 \rightarrow 1$, interrupt command position operation is started. (refer to fig.2-4-1) b10 Two speed position operation When b10 from $0\rightarrow 1$, two speed position operation is started. (refer to fig.2-5-1) b11 External signal position operation When b11 from $0 \rightarrow 1$, external signal position operation is started. (refer to fig.2-6-1) b12 Variable speed operation When b12 from $0 \rightarrow 1$, variable speed operation is started. (refer to fig.2-7-1)

BFM #27 • 26 CURRENT POSITION CP

• Operating system write current position into 32bits register automatically.

BFM #28 STATUS INFORMATION

♦ The status of 1PG is stored into BFM #28 automatically, PLC can use FROM instruction to read.

b0	1PG Ready (b0=1) / 1PG Busy (b0 = 0)
----	--------------------------------------

When 1PG output pulse, it is Busy status.

- b1 | Pulse upper (b1=1) / lower (b1=0)
- b2 Zero-return finished flag (b2=1) / zero-return not execute (b2=0)
- b3 b3=1: PG0 input ON
- b4 b4=1: X00 input ON
- b5 b5=1: X01 input ON
- b6 | b6=1: DOG input ON
- b7 When 1PG ERROR (b7 = 1), ERROR content is stored into BFM #29.
- b8 position finished flag (b8=1)
- b9 Error counter error flag (Error code 8001)
- b10 exceed software positive limit error flag (Error code 2001)
- b11 | exceed software negative limit error flag (Error code 3001)
- b12 Reserved
- b13 Reserved
- b14 Fly-cut mode synchronized flag
- b15 Reserved

<<Status information read>>

M8000

⊢I⊢ FROM	K1	K28	K4M100	K1
BFM #28 (b15	\sim b0) \rightarrow (I	M115 ~ M1	00)	
M107				
FROM	K1	K29	D100	K1
If error flag is s	et, then re	ad error co	ontent and	stored into l

If error flag is set, then read error content and stored into D100

BFM #29 ERROR CODE

♦ When there is ERROR in 1PG, write ERROR into it automatically.

BFM #30 | MODEL CODE, VERSION

♦ <u>5 1 1 0</u>

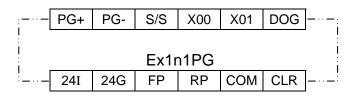
Version : V1.10

- MODEL CODE

BFM #31 Reserved

4-1 Connection with PLC Ex1n1PG Ex1n16ER Ex1n1PG Ex1n32MT Ex1n32ER Ex1n2DA X00-X17 X20-X27 X30 - X47 ************** . h Y00-Y17 Y20-Y27 Y30-Y47 Y50-Y67

4-2 Signal of Ex1n1PG terminal



4-3 Input wiring

1) When contacts are used

	Ex1	n1PG
7mA/24V DC	DOG	3.3kΩ +
7mA/24V DC		· <u>▼</u> ¥ 本 ≯ ↓
	X01	
7mA/24V DC	X00	
24V DC	S/S	╵──────────────── │────────────────────

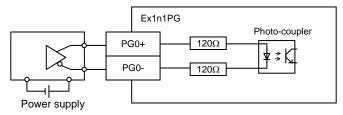
2) When NPN open collector transistors are used

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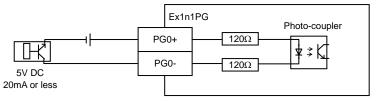
3) When PNP open collector transistors are used

_	Ex1	n1PG
	DOG	
	X01	
	X00	
	S/S	

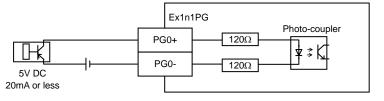
4) When a differential line driver is used



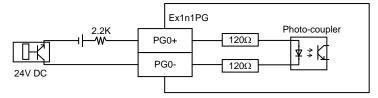
5) When NPN open collector transistor is used (power supply : 5VDC)



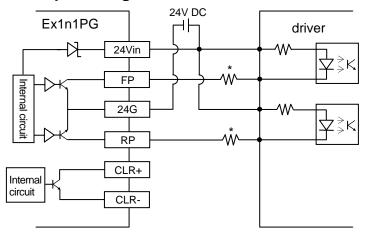
6) When PNP open collector transistor is used (power supply : 5VDC)



7) When NPN open collector transistor is used (power supply : 24VDC)



4-4 Output wiring



LIYAN PROGRAMMABLE LOGIC CONTROLLER

Ex1n1PG-edoc0404v133a

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